



fastwarm[®]

Fastwarm[®] Water System

INSTALLATION MANUAL



Easy to install



For small and large rooms



UKCA approved



50 year pipe warranty

Thank you for investing in our industry leading Fastwarm[®] underfloor heating system.

Fastwarm[®] Water Underfloor Heating Systems are the ideal choice for homeowners and tradesmen wishing to install a premium branded water underfloor heating kit.

This instruction manual contains important information regarding the safe installation and operation of your underfloor heating system. Please read carefully.

TALK TO AN EXPERT
01268 744479

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CE approved

All our Fastwarm[®] cables have been designed to conform to the current regs – Part P compliant. If your installer is in any doubt concerning the installation, please call us.

Before you begin Installing

Please read through these instructions carefully and check that you have all the components required.

Fastwarm® water underfloor heating kits contain everything you need in one box for your water underfloor heating project. NB: This single zone system is controlled by one thermostat.

Contents Of Kit



A rated UPS 2 Grundfos pump



PE-Xb-multilayer pipe to suit area



Edging insulation (NA: for low profile)



Manual Thermostat



Pipe Staples (if required)



Pipe Cutters



Pipe rerounding tool



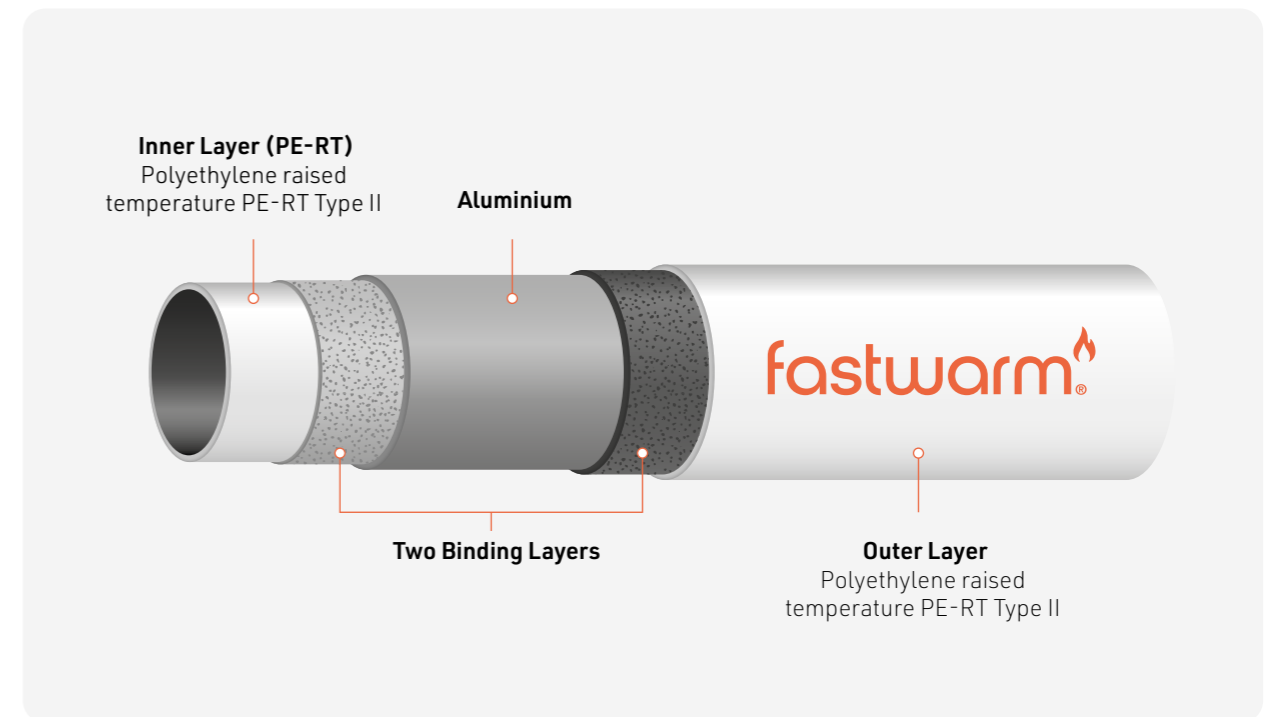
All pipe connections to fix pipe to pump and manifold*



Larger room kits will include suitable manifold & pump

High quality multi layered pipe

We use high quality multi layered pipe (PE-RT type ii /AL/PE-RT) in all our Fastwarm® water underfloor heating systems.

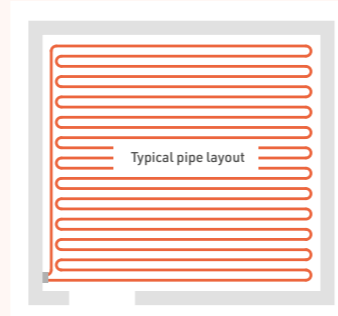


Pipe Warranty

- ✓ PE-RT typeii /AL/PE-RT
- ✓ Working pressure & temperature 10bar, 95°C.
- ✓ 100% oxygen impermeable
- ✓ Lifetime warranty.

Installation for a small room (single circuit system)

- 1) Select a suitable location for the pump/control valve unit and mount on the wall.
- 2) Fit the two nut & inserts as in the pump / control valve assembly shown on opposite page.
- 3) Refer to the typical pipe installation drawings and determine the pipe layout - the layout is not critical and can be varied to suit site conditions, the important criteria being the pipe spacing, see below.
- 4) The pipe is marked every metre by the metre. (maximum length for any circuit is 120m, 80m for low profile 12mm pipe circuit).
- 5) Pipes should be laid 100mm away from walls.
- 6) Do not lay pipe under fixed units. Typical pipe layout
- 7) Lay the pipe as planned, fixing every 0.5m onto PIR Insulation base and return to the manifold. Note on loops there will be a requirement for more fixing to hold pipe in place.
- 8) If the pipe is kinked when bending, the pipe should be straightened and rearranged so that the location of the kink remains in a straight length, no other remedial action is required.
- 9) To connect the circuit, cut the pipe end squarely using the plastic pipe cutter, re-round the pipe end with the tool provided, place the nut over the pipe, ensure the olive and insert is fully fitted over the end of the pipe and the assembly is attached to the pump. Tighten the nut using an open end spanner. Do not over tighten.
- 10) Prevent people from walking on the pipes, keep tools etc away from the pipes and use running boards. The pipe is very tough, but it is better to be safe than sorry.
- 11) It is IMPORTANT that the underfloor heating system is properly filled with water (use a garden hose) and purged completely of air to ensure correct operation, .
- 12) IT IS NOT ADEQUATE TO FILL THE SYSTEM USING THE BOILER FILLING LOOP!



Pipe Spacings

STANDARD OUTPUT SYSTEM suitable for internal well insulated areas such as a living room, kitchen or bathroom.

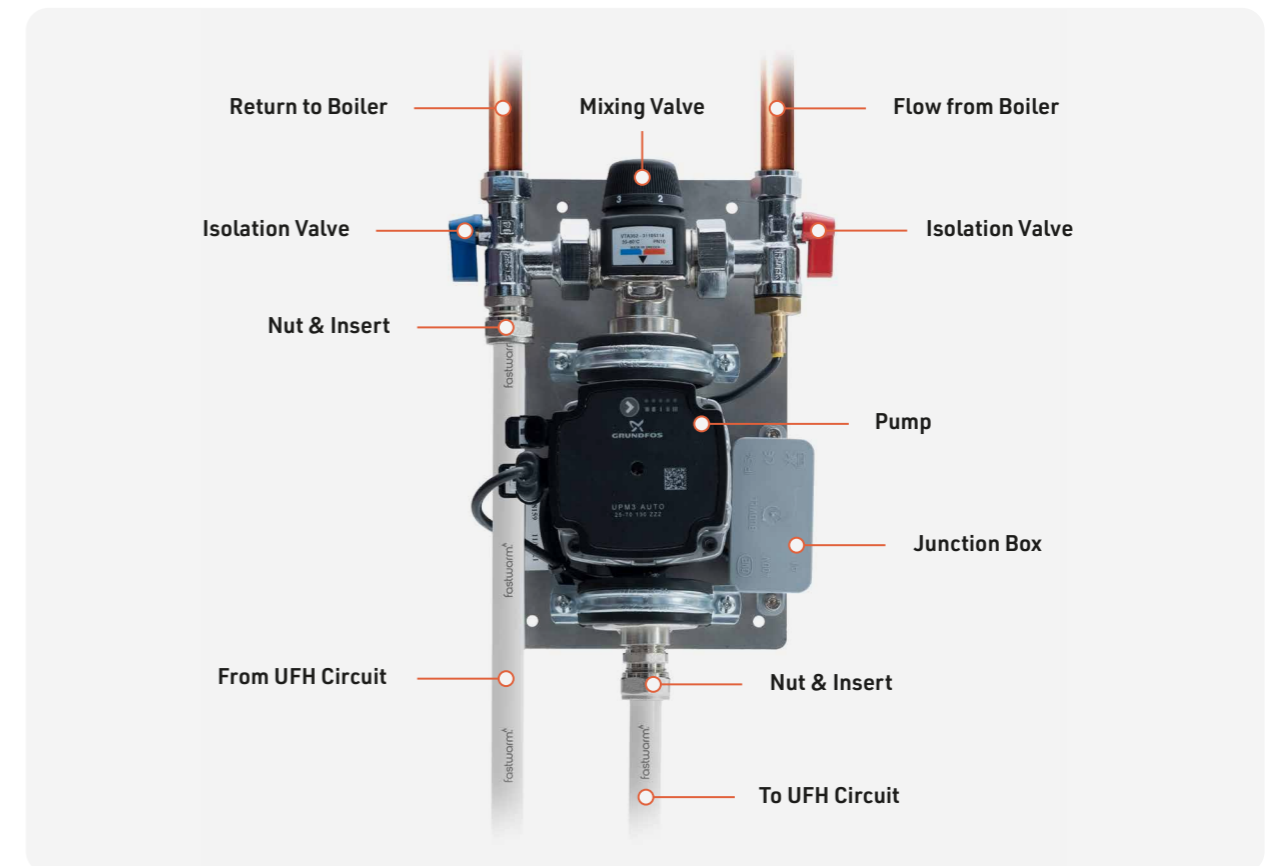
Pipe spacings are set at 250mm centres.

HIGH OUTPUT SYSTEM suitable for areas of high heat loss, ideal for conservatories, extensions and external buildings.

Pipe spacings are set at 200mm centres.

LOW PROFILE SYSTEM panels are spaced at 150mm centres

Pump / Control Valve Assembly

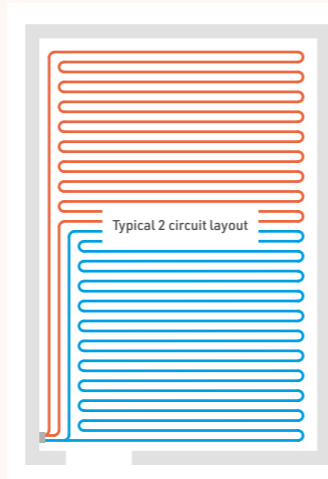


Commisioning

- 1) Screed or chipboard flooring should be laid immediately after pipelaying to protect the pipe.
- 2) Concrete screed floors must be cured before any heat is applied, a general rule of thumb is to allow 1 day per 2 millimetres of screed (check with screed installer).
- 3) Timber floor with drymix infill can have heat applied immediately, the drymix must be dried completely before laying the flooring.
- 4) Hardwood timber flooring must be 'conditioned' before fixing.
- 5) It is important to purge the pipework from the boiler to the manifold, to avoid air being introduced into the underfloor heating system.
- 6) Initially start the system with the thermostatic valve set at min (35°C).
- 7) Increase the setting by 5° per day, up to a maximum of 50° for concrete floors, max 60° for timber floors.
- 8) NOTE. When first starting up the system it may take 12-24 hours for the heating effect to become apparent!

Installation for a large room (multi circuit system)

- 1) Select a suitable location for the pump & manifold unit and mount on the wall. See opposite page for assembly.
- 2) Refer to the typical pipe installation drawings and determine the pipe layout - the layout is not critical and can be varied to suit site conditions, the important criteria being the pipe spacing, see below.
- 3) The pipe is marked every metre by the metre. (maximum length for any circuit is 100m, 80m for low profile 12mm pipe circuit).
- 4) Pipes should be laid 100mm away from walls.
- 5) Do not lay pipe under fixed units.
- 6) To lay the circuit, cut the pipe end squarely using the plastic pipe cutter, re-round the pipe end with the tool provided, place the nut over the pipe, ensure the olive and insert is fully fitted over the end of the pipe and the assembly is attached to the manifold. Tighten the nut using an open end spanner. Do not over tighten.
- 7) Lay the pipe as planned, fixing every 0.5m onto PIR Insulation base and return to the manifold. Note on loops there will be a requirement for more fixing to hold pipe in place.
- 8) If the pipe is kinked when bending, the pipe should be straightened and rearranged so that the location of the kink remains in a straight length, no other remedial action is required.
- 9) Prevent people from walking on the pipes, keep tools etc away from the pipes and use running boards. The pipe is very tough, but it is better to be safe than sorry.



Pipe Spacings

STANDARD OUTPUT SYSTEM suitable for internal well insulated areas such as a living room, kitchen or bathroom.

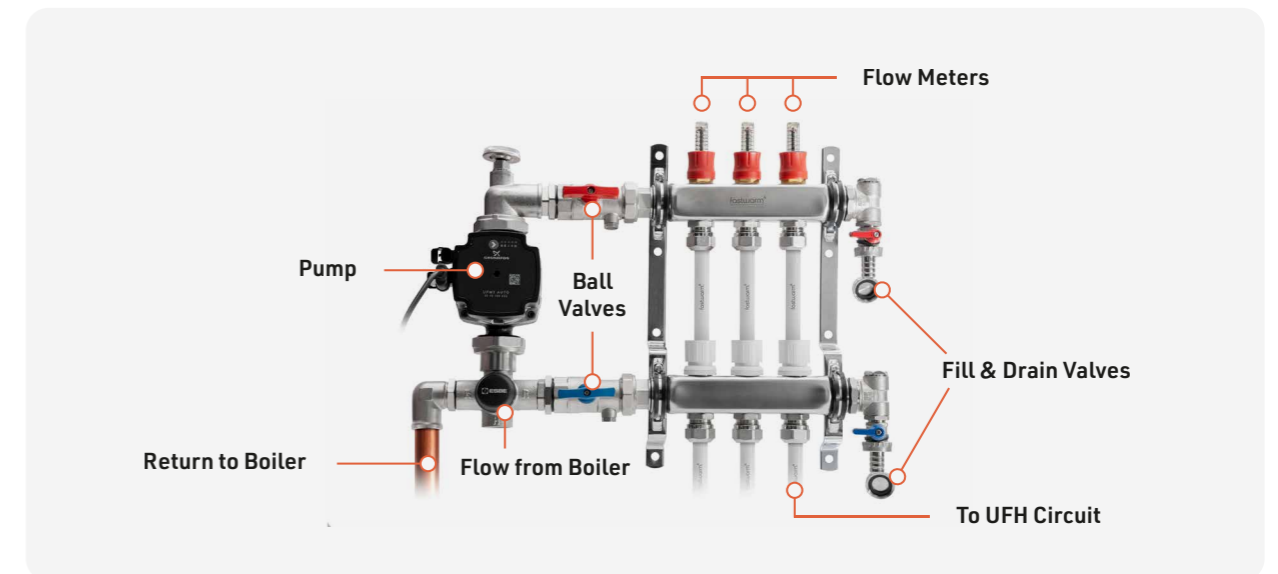
Pipe spacings are set at 250mm centres.

HIGH OUTPUT SYSTEM suitable for areas of high heat loss, ideal for conservatories, extensions and external buildings.

Pipe spacings are set at 200mm centres.

LOW TEMPERATURE SYSTEM (RENEWABLES) suitable for areas where the heat source runs at low temperature, ideal for Air or Ground Source Heat Pumps and other renewable energies. **Pipe spacings are set at 150mm centres.**

Pump & manifold assembly



Filling the manifold system

- 1) It is IMPORTANT that the underfloor heating system is properly filled with water and purged completely of air to ensure correct operation, it is therefore necessary to follow the procedure below.
- 2) IT IS NOT ADEQUATE TO FILL THE SYSTEM USING THE BOILER FILLING LOOP!
- 3) Connect a hose from a mains pressure cold water supply to the hose connection on the top (flow) manifold, and another hose from the hose connection on the bottom (return) manifold to a drain.
- 4) Ensure that all the black caps on the bottom (return) manifold are screwed down, closing the valves.
- 5) Ensure that the main flow & return ball valves are closed on the manifold.
- 6) Turn on the water and open the hose connection valve on the top (flow) manifold.
- 7) Open the first circuit valve by unscrewing the black cap allowing water to flow into the pipe.
- 8) Open the hose connection valve on the bottom (return manifold) allowing water to flow freely into the drain until the water is clear with no air bubbles.
- 9) Open the second circuit valve (black cap) and close the first.
- 10) Open the third circuit valve and close the second etc.
- 11) Continue until the last circuit has been purged and close the hose connection valve on the bottom (return) manifold before closing the last circuit valve (black cap).
- 12) While under pressure, check manifold & pipework for leakage.
- 13) Close hose connection valve on the top (flow manifold) and remove the hoses.
- 14) If possible pressure test the system to 6 bar for 2 hours.

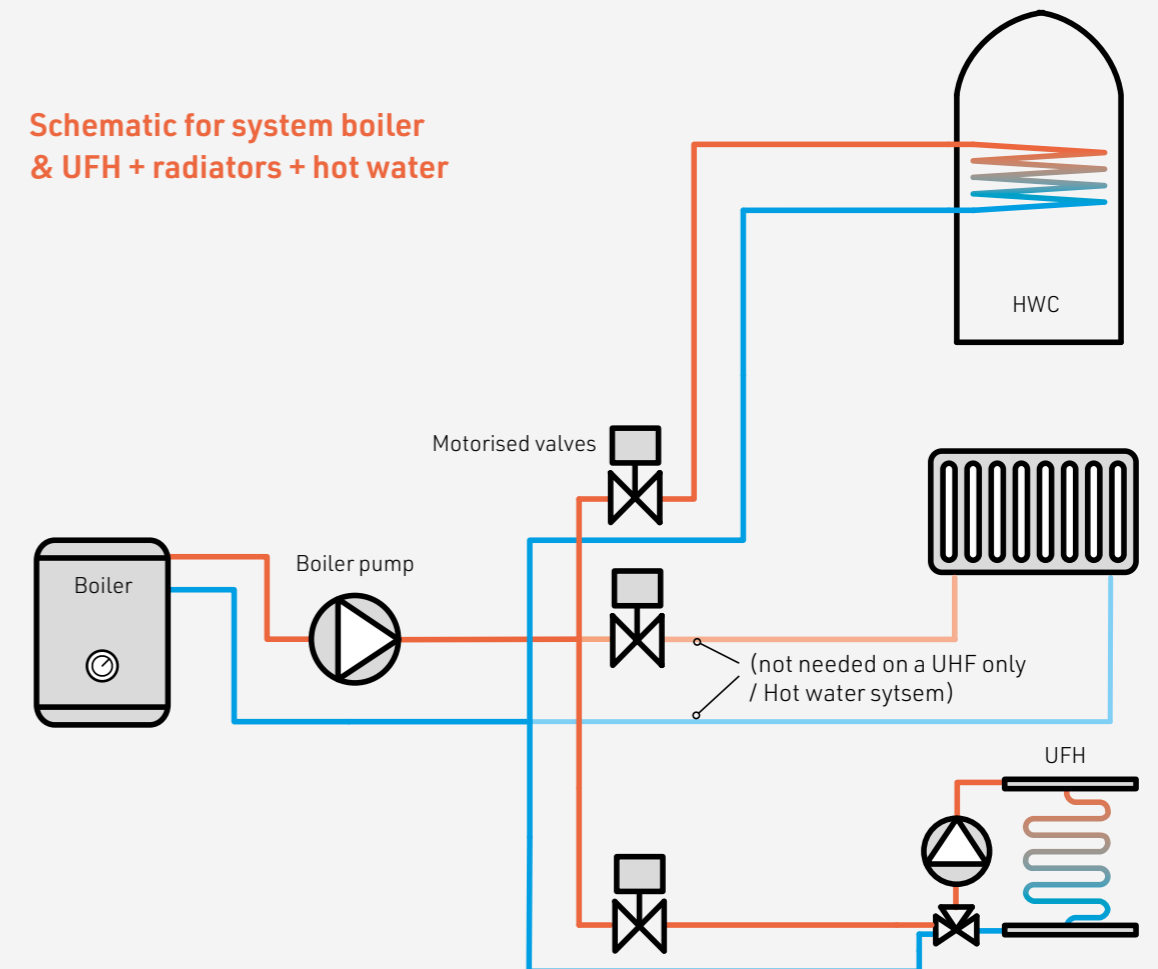
Commisioning

- 1) Screed or chipboard flooring should be laid immediately after pipelaying to protect the pipe.
- 2) Concrete screed floors must be cured before any heat is applied, a general rule of thumb is to allow 1 day per 2 millimetres of screed.
- 3) Timber floor with drymix infill can have heat applied immediately, the drymix must be dried completely before laying the flooring.
- 4) Hardwood timber flooring must be 'conditioned' before fixing.
- 5) It is important to purge the pipework from the boiler to the manifold, to avoid air being introduced into the underfloor heating system.
- 6) It is not normally necessary to balance the system but if required follow this procedure. The system is balanced by running the pump, and adjusting the flow to each zone by turning the square spigots under the blue caps on the bottom manifold, the flow in the respective sight glasses should be set at a figure calculated by dividing the length of pipe for that zone by 40. Example: Circuit 1, 85m/40 = approx 2 on the scale. Low profile systems circuit at 70m÷40=1.75.
- 7) Initially start the system with the thermostatic valve set at min (35°C).
- 8) Increase the setting by 5° per day, up to a maximum of 50° for concrete floors, max 65° for timber floors.
- 9) The flow & return from the boiler should be connected to the manifold connections shown using compression couplings.
- 10) NOTE. When first starting up the system it may take 12-24 hours for the heating effect to become apparent!

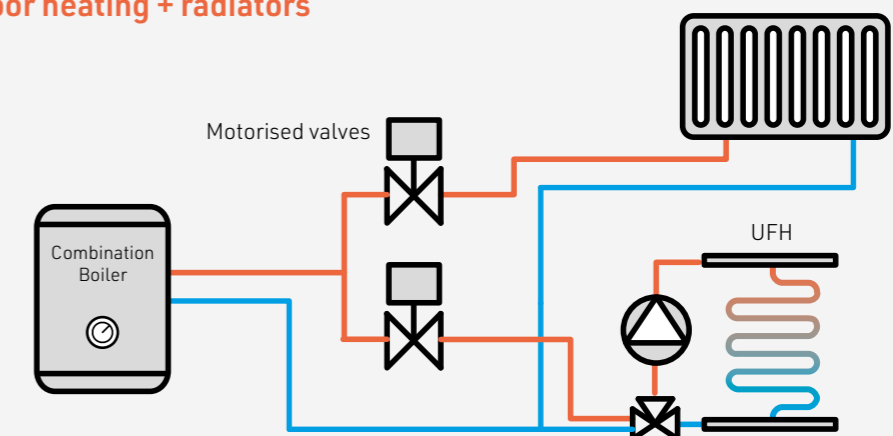
Electrical setup (for single & multi circuit systems)

- 1) Wiring to the thermostat will be dependant on the type of thermostat chosen.
- 2) Thermostat position in the room is not critical but positions affected by the sun should be avoided, mounting height approx 1.5m.
- 3) The room thermostat is used to switch the pump.
- 4) The single circuit pump control valve unit incorporates a pipe thermostat and will not operate unless hot water is available from the boiler/heating system.

Schematic for system boiler & UFH + radiators + hot water



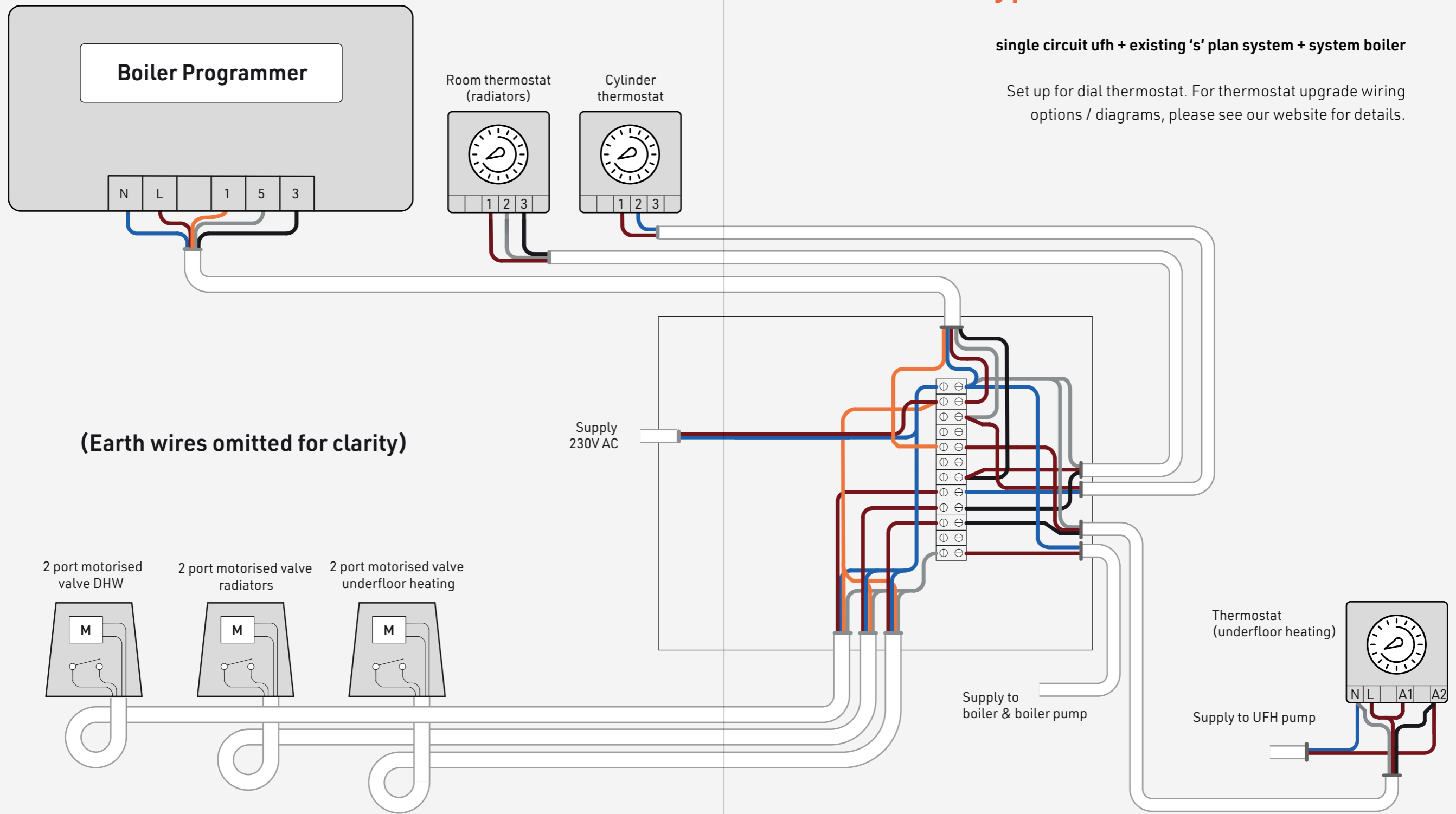
Schematic for gas combination boiler & underfloor heating + radiators



Typical electrical connection

single circuit ufh + existing 's' plan system + system boiler

Set up for dial thermostat. For thermostat upgrade wiring options / diagrams, please see our website for details.



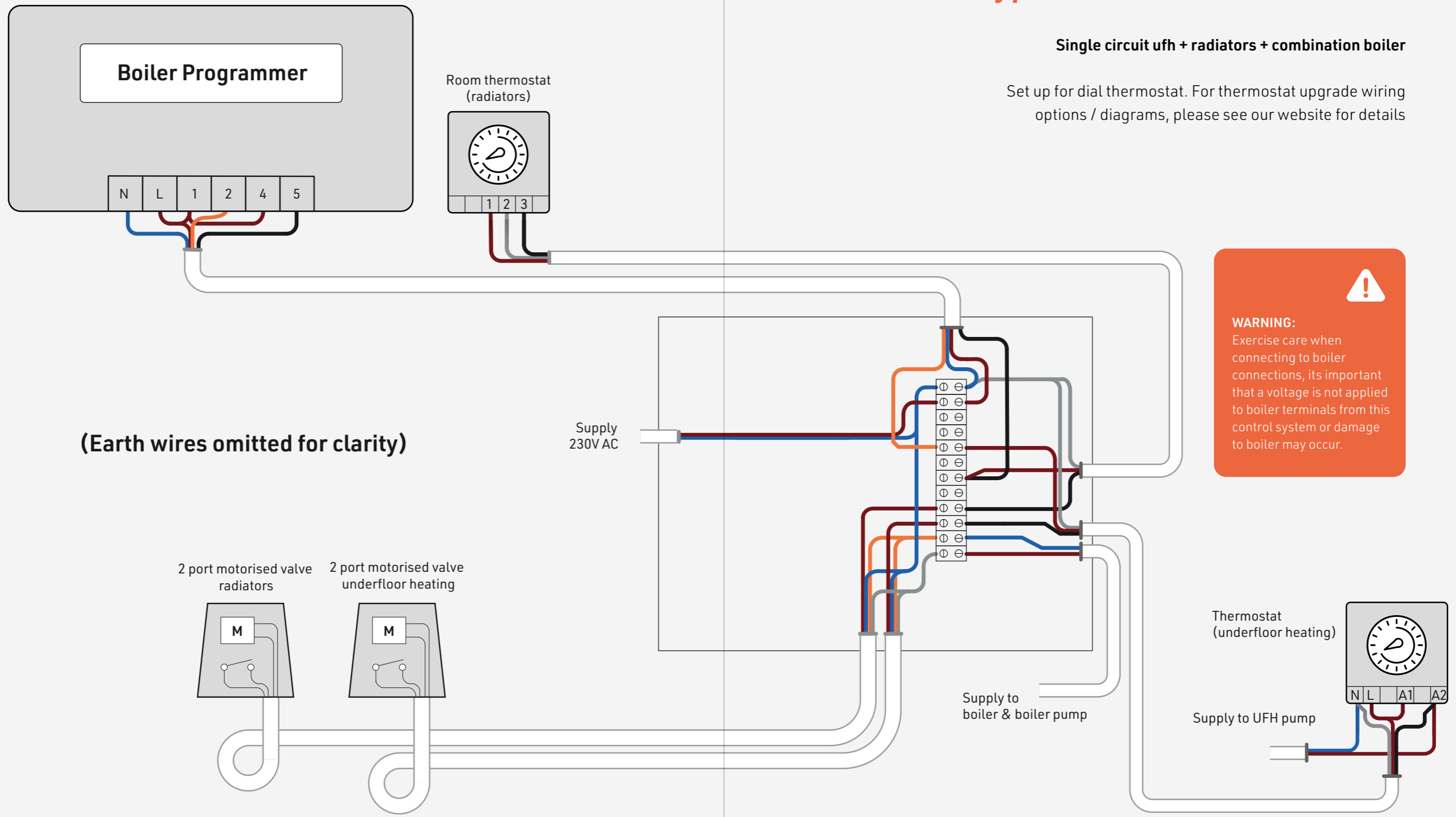
Typical electrical connection

Single circuit ufh + radiators + combination boiler

Set up for dial thermostat. For thermostat upgrade wiring options / diagrams, please see our website for details

WARNING:
Exercise care when connecting to boiler connections, its important that a voltage is not applied to boiler terminals from this control system or damage to boiler may occur.

(Earth wires omitted for clarity)



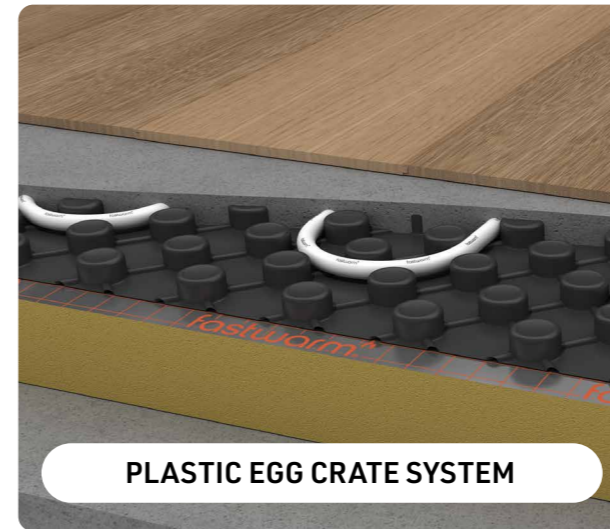
Under new concrete or screed floors

A cost effective solution for installing water underfloor heating into new build properties or new extensions.

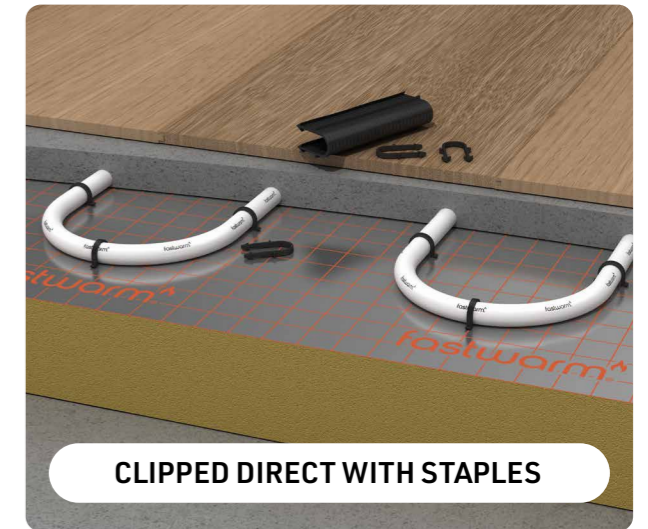
This type of system installation is the most popular and cost effective type on the market today, the pipes are incased in screed or concrete meaning that the whole floor warms up like one huge storage radiator. This system is normally for new build houses or extensions/ conservatories.



CLIP RAIL SYSTEM



PLASTIC EGG CRATE SYSTEM

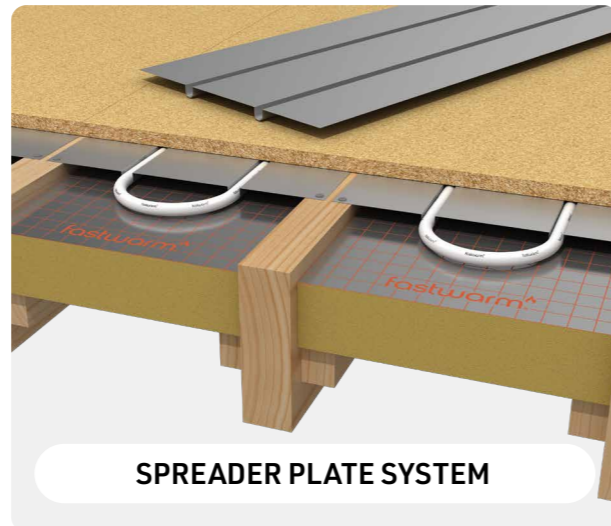


CLIPPED DIRECT WITH STAPLES

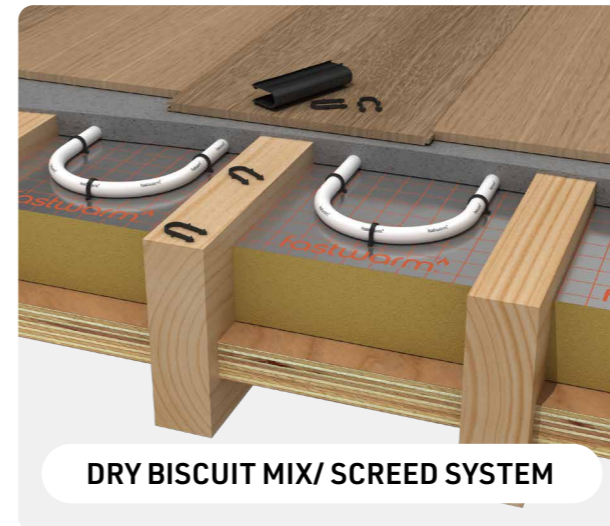
Between joists or Suspended floors

Installing water underfloor heating between joists is easy using our different installation solutions.

Please note all in joist systems require the pipe spacing to be 200mm apart or less. This means you need to select a conservatory style kit or a multiple room kit – standard room kits are designed with the pipe spacing at 250mm centers which would mean you would not have enough pipe in the kit.



SPREADER PLATE SYSTEM



DRY BISCUIT MIX/ SCREED SYSTEM



Over existing floors

Installing water underfloor heating over existing floors is simple using our different installation solutions.

Our overfloor systems can be installed directly over any solid subfloor such as existing floorboards, plywood or concrete/ screed floors, or any solid surface such as existing tiles/ wooden floors.



OVERLAY SYSTEMS

Unsure which system you need?

Speak to an expert on
01268 744479

Full lifetime warranty.

Now there's something we can all get down to.



Fastwarm® water heating pipes come with a full lifetime warranty.

The warranty does not cover installations made by unauthorized persons or faults caused by incorrect design by others / misuse / damage caused by others / damage in transit / incorrect installation and any other subsequent damage that may occur. Replacement will be fully chargeable if the damage is because of any of the above reasons.

Please visit website for full terms & conditions.
www.fastwarm.com

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CONTACT US

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